DERWENT-ACC-NO:

2004-158910

DERWENT-WEEK:

200416

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TITLE:

Modular device for generating multiple sliding

high

voltage discharges between multiple electrodes

in the

form of single or double bladed daggers

arranged around

each injection nozzle

INVENTOR: CZERNICHOWSKI, A; CZERNICHOWSKI, M

PATENT-ASSIGNEE: ETUD CHIM & PHYSIQUES ECP SARL[CHPHN]

PRIORITY-DATA: 2002FR-0008648 (July 9, 2002)

PATENT-FAMILY:

PUB-NO PUB-DATE LANGUAGE

PAGES MAIN-IPC

FR 2842389 A1 January 16, 2004 N/A

030 H05H 001/48

APPLICATION-DATA:

PUB-NO APPL-DESCRIPTOR APPL-NO

APPL-DATE

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July 9, 2002

INT-CL (IPC): **B01D053/32**, H05H001/48

ABSTRACTED-PUB-NO: FR 2842389A

BASIC-ABSTRACT:

NOVELTY - The $\underline{\text{electrodes}}$ (1) are fitted into triads resembling stars with three

arms at 120 deg. to each other, and placed round multiple injection nozzles

(3), so the $\underline{\text{electrodes}}$ + nozzle assembly forms a $\underline{\text{honeycomb}}$ cell. A single high

voltage 3-phase generator supplies all the **electrodes**, directly or via

resistances. The cells are placed side by side and stacked in a reactor

- DETAILED DESCRIPTION The three poles (phases) R, S and T of the generator are
- connected directly to some principal $\underline{\textbf{electrodes}}$ (r, s, t) and via resistances
- to some intermediate <u>electrodes</u> (r', s', t') to start, maintain and re-start
- three sliding discharges across the length of the three sides of the electrodes
- in each cell. Two discharges slide between one side of the principal electrode
- and two sides of the two intermediate **electrode** forming the **honeycomb**. The
- third discharge slides between the two sides of the intermediate electrodes in
- the honeycomb. Many honeycomb elements are placed side by side to form a
- movable assembly which can be placed in the same reactor for treating the
- diluted material. A number of movable assemblies can be connected in the form
- of complex structures called clusters, groups and/or cells filling a spaced
- such as inside a **plasma** reactor. The generator produces a voltage between 5
- and 21 kV to all the $\underline{\text{electrodes}}$ simultaneously. The resistances are between
- 0.2 and 2M approx. W (typically 0.5M approx. W) and a dissipation power of
- between 0.5 and 5W (typically 2W). The current of each discharge does not
- exceed 5A. All the principal <u>electrodes</u> are connected directly to the
- respective pole (r to R, s to S, t to T) and all the intermediate electrodes
- are connected to the respective pole via a resistance. Only one **electrode** of
- each triad is a principal <u>electrode</u> and the two other intermediate <u>electrodes</u>
- are connected to the other two poles, so a triad contains (r, s', t' or r', s,
- t' or r', s', t) Each $\underline{\textbf{electrode}}$ is double sided and part of two adjacent
- honeycomb cells. Each electrode in the cell is at a different
 alternative
- potential from the same 3-phase supply, with the differences reaching maximum
- amplitudes of 7 to 30 kV before the discharges happen. If a cell is not
- surrounded by other cells, the <a>electrode(s) on the outside are single

sided.

USE - An energy source in many industrial applications such as treatment of gas

containing hydrogen sulfide, removal of solvents, transformation of N2O into

NOx, elimination of carbon deposits, destruction of sulphur and nitrogen

oxides, dehalogenation of organic compounds.

ADVANTAGE - This assembly of multiple $\underline{\textbf{electrodes}}$ allows a large amount of

material to be treated in a single reactor, with the reactor only needing

access for the three phase cables

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows a honeycomb cell

Electrode 1

Connector 2

Nozzle 3

CHOSEN-DRAWING: Dwg.1/9

TITLE-TERMS: MODULE DEVICE GENERATE MULTIPLE SLIDE HIGH VOLTAGE

DISCHARGE

MULTIPLE ELECTRODE FORM SINGLE DOUBLE BLADE DAGGER

ARRANGE

INJECTION NOZZLE

DERWENT-CLASS: E19 E36 J01 X25

CPI-CODES: E06-A03; E10-H04; E11-N; E11-Q02; E31-F01A; E31-F01B;

E31-H02;

E31-N04D; J01-E02H;

EPI-CODES: X25-B03A;

CHEMICAL-CODES:

Chemical Indexing M3 *01*

Fragmentation Code

C101 C116 C540 C730 C800 C801 C802 C804 C805 C806

M411 M424 M740 M750 M904 M905 M910 N120 N163 Q431

Q436 Q439

Specfic Compounds

01785K 01785X A01M1K A01M1X

Registry Numbers

1785U

Chemical Indexing M3 *02*

Fragmentation Code

C107 C108 C520 C730 C800 C801 C802 C803 C804 C807 M411 M424 M740 M750 M904 M905 N120 N163 Q431 Q436

Q439

Specfic Compounds

01901K 01901X

Registry Numbers

1901U

Chemical Indexing M3 *03*

Fragmentation Code

C108 C307 C520 C730 C800 C801 C802 C803 C804 C807

M411 M424 M740 M750 M904 M905 M910 N120 N163 Q431

Q436 Q439

Specfic Compounds

01902K 01902X

Registry Numbers

1902U

Chemical Indexing M3 *04*

Fragmentation Code

C107 C108 C307 C520 C730 C800 C801 C802 C803 C804

C807 M411 M424 M740 M750 M904 M905 M910 N120 N163

Q431 Q436 Q439

Specfic Compounds

01881K 01881X

Registry Numbers

1881U

Chemical Indexing M3 *05*

Fragmentation Code

C108 C216 C540 C730 C800 C801 C802 C803 C804 C805

M411 M424 M740 M750 M904 M905 M910 N120 N163 Q431

Q436 Q439

Specfic Compounds

01674K 01674X

Registry Numbers

1674U

Chemical Indexing M3 *06*

Fragmentation Code

C108 C316 C540 C730 C800 C801 C802 C803 C804 C805

M411 M424 M740 M750 M904 M905 M910 N120 N163 Q431

Q436 Q439

Specfic Compounds

01675K 01675X

Registry Numbers

1675U

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Chemical Indexing M3 *07*
    Fragmentation Code
    C106 C810 M411 M424 M740 M750 M904 M905 M910 N120
    N163 Q431 Q436 Q439
    Specfic Compounds
    01669K 01669X 05085K 05085X
    Registry Numbers
    1669U
Chemical Indexing M3 *08*
    Fragmentation Code
         H600 H607 H608 H609 H681 H682 H683 H684 H685
    H686 H689 M210 M211 M212 M213 M214 M215 M216 M220
    M221 M222 M223 M224 M225 M226 M231 M232 M233 M250
    M280 M281 M311 M312 M313 M314 M315 M316 M320 M321
    M331 M332 M333 M334 M340 M342 M343 M344 M363 M391
    M416 M424 M620 M740 M750 M904 M905 N120 N163 O431
    Q436 Q439
    Markush Compounds
    200122-18701-K 200122-18701-X
Chemical Indexing M3 *09*
    Fragmentation Code
    G001 G002 G010 G011 G012 G013 G014 G015 G016 G017
    G018 G020 G021 G022 G029 G040 G100 G221 H6
    H607 H608 H609 H641 H642 H643 M280 M320 M414 M424
    M510 M520 M531 M540 M740 M750 M904 M905 N120 N163
    Q431 Q436 Q439
    Markush Compounds
    200122-18702-K 200122-18702-X
Chemical Indexing M3 *10*
    Fragmentation Code
    D010 D020 D040 H6
                      H600 H607 H608 H609 H621 H622
    H623 M280 M320 M412 M424 M511 M520 M530 M540 M740
    M750 M904 M905 N120 N163 Q431 Q436 Q439
    Markush Compounds
    200122-18703-K 200122-18703-X
UNLINKED-DERWENT-REGISTRY-NUMBERS: 1669U; 1674U ; 1675U ; 1785U ;
1881U ; 1901U
; 1902U
SECONDARY-ACC-NO:
CPI Secondary Accession Numbers: C2004-063359
Non-CPI Secondary Accession Numbers: N2004-127001
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